

A tropical analog of the Hodge conjecture for smooth algebraic varieties over trivially valued fields

Ryota Mikami,

based on

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2009.04690>

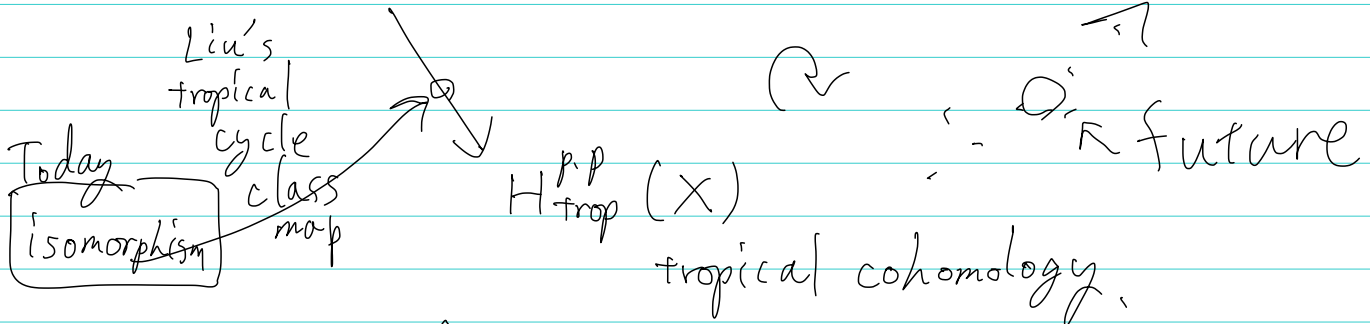
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2009.04677>

Cycle class map,

the Hodge conj.

$X$ : sm. proj. var. /  $\mathbb{C}$ . surjective

$$CH^p(X) \otimes \mathbb{Q} \xrightarrow{\quad} H^{p,p}(X) \cap H^{2p}(X, \mathbb{Q})$$



tropical cohomology.

- Gross - Siebert cotangent sp.  
 $H^k(X_0(B), \Omega^p) \simeq H^k(B, \mathcal{R}T^{\vee})$   
 log Calabi-Yau trop. affn. mfd
- Itenberg - Katzarkov - Mikhalkin - Zarkov  
 a similar result

Main Theorem 1

$X$ : sm. algebraic variety over a field  $k$  (eg.  $\mathbb{C}$ )

Then

$$CH^p(X) \otimes \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow H_{\text{trop}}^{p,p}(X)$$

is an isomorphism,

w/ the trivial valuation  
 $k \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{0,\infty}$   
 $0 \mapsto \infty$   
 $a \neq 0 \mapsto 0$

## Rem

- similar studies
  - '09. (announcement) Katzarkov-Kontsevich
  - '20 Zarkov's paper on Kontsevich's idea (to disprove the Hodge conj.)
- Many properties of trop. cohomology of smth. trop. var.
  - Lefschetz (1.1) Jell-Rau-Shaw '18
  - Hodge-Riemann relation hard Lefschetz Adiprasito-Huh-Katz (matroid) Aminin-Piquerez (general)

## Strategy

$K_T^P$ : tropical K-groups. ( $\mathbb{Q}$ -coeff.)

the Gersten resolution

$$0 \rightarrow K_T^P \xrightarrow{\text{sheaf'n}} \bigoplus_{x \in X^0} K_T^P(k(x)) \xrightarrow{d \leftarrow \text{the residue map}} \bigoplus_{x \in X^1} K_T^{P-1}(k(x)) \xrightarrow{d} \dots$$

$$\dots \rightarrow \bigoplus_{x \in X^i} K_T^{P-i}(k(x)) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \bigoplus_{x \in X^{P-1}} K_T^1(k(x)) \xrightarrow{d} \bigoplus_{x \in X^P} K_T^0(k(x)) \rightarrow 0$$

$\mathbb{Q}$

$i$  codim  $i$  points.

$$\leadsto H^P(X_{\text{Zar}}, K_T^P) \simeq (H^P(X))_{\mathbb{Q}}$$

# Main Theorem 2 ( $\Rightarrow$ Main Theorem)

$$H_{\text{trop}}^{p,q}(X) \cong H^q(X_{\text{Zar}}, K_T^p)$$

## Strategy

Key

- $\mathbb{A}^1$ -homotopy inv.
- étale excision
- corestriction map / fin. fields.

(algebra-geometric)  
a theorem on cohomology theories

$\mathcal{H}_{\text{trop}}^{p,q}$  (sheaf?) has the  
Grothendieck resolution

$\Rightarrow$  Main Thm 2,

## Rem. (char 0)

By resolution of singularities

(instead of the theorem on coh. theories)

$$\Gamma H_{\text{trop}}^{p,p}(X) \rightarrow H_{\text{dg}}^{p,p}(X) : \text{surj}$$

$\Rightarrow$  the Hodge conj. holds

(☺ Reduce to good (schön) tropical varieties.)

$K$ : a field w/ the trivial valuation  
tropicalization

$T_\Sigma$ : a toric var,  $\leftrightarrow \Sigma$ : a fan

$\cup$   
 $\mathbb{G}_m^n = \text{Spec } K[M]$ : the dense orbit

$X \subset T_\Sigma$ : a closed subvar.

$X^{\text{Ber}} := \{v: \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \cup \{\infty\} : \text{valuations / trivial on } K\}$ ,  
 the Berkovich space

For  $G \in \Sigma$

$\text{Trop}: \mathcal{O}(G)^{\text{Ber}} \rightarrow \text{Hom}(M \cap G^\perp, \mathbb{R})$ ,  
 orbit  $v \mapsto v|_{M \cap G^\perp}$

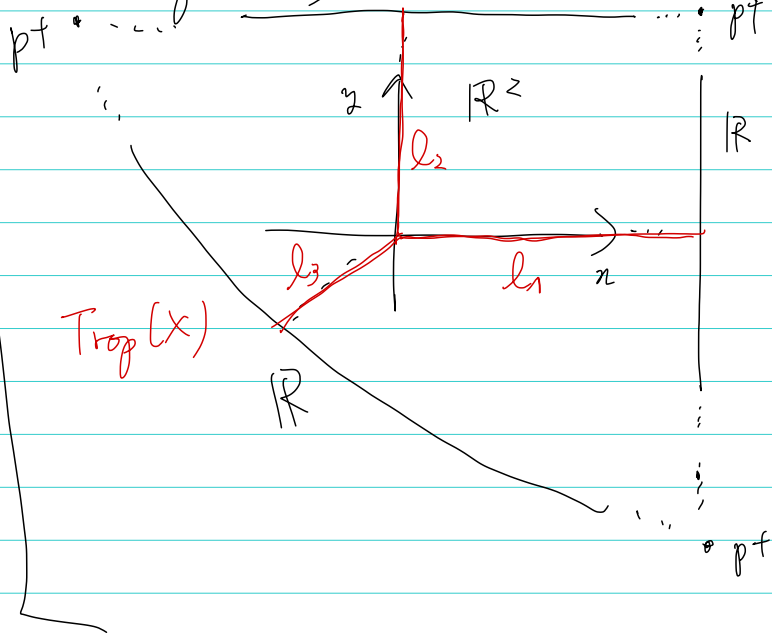
$\leadsto \text{Trop}(X) := \bigsqcup_{G \in \Sigma} \text{Trop}((X \cap \mathcal{O}(G))^{\text{Ber}})$

: a finite union of cones  
 of  $\dim = \dim X$ ,

Example

$\mathbb{P}^1 = X = (x+z+1=0) \subset \mathbb{P}^2$   
 $x, z$

$\text{Trop}(\mathbb{P}^2)$



$X^{\text{Ber}} = \mathbb{P}^{n, \text{Ber}}$

$\cup$   
 $x$ -adic val.  $\leftrightarrow l_1$   
 $z$   $\leftrightarrow l_2$   
 $\infty$   $\leftrightarrow l_3$

# tropical cohomology

$P \subset \text{Trop}(X)$  is a cone

$$F^p(P) := F^p(P, \text{Trop}(X)) \\ := \wedge^p (M \otimes \mathbb{Q}) \cap \mathcal{G}_P^\perp$$

$$\mathcal{G}_P \in \Sigma \\ \text{int}(P) \subset \text{Trop}(\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{G}_P))$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} f \sim 0 \\ \text{if } f|_{\text{span}(a)} = 0 \\ P \subset a \subset \text{Trop}(X) \\ \mathcal{G}_P = \mathcal{G}_a \end{array} \right)$$

$H_{\text{trop}}^{p,q}(\text{Trop}(X)) :=$  "  $q$ -th singular cohomology "   
 w/  $F^p$ -coeff.

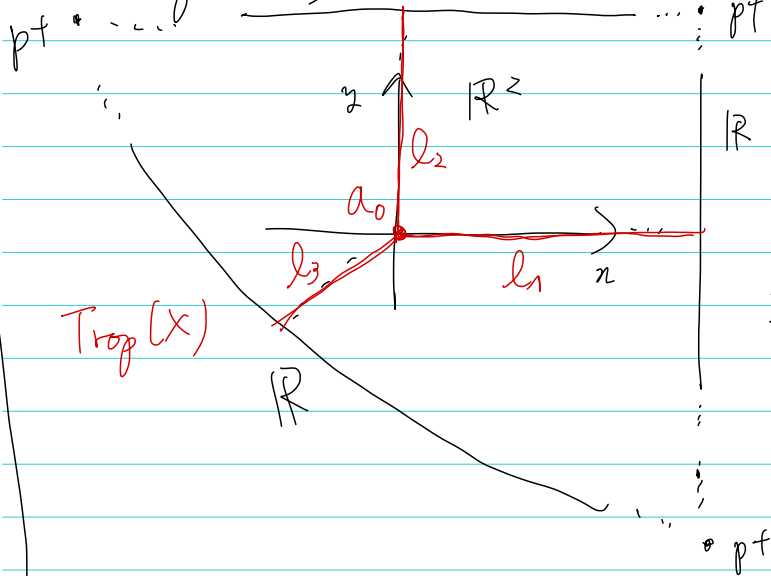
$$H_{\text{trop}}^{p,q}(X) := \varinjlim_{\begin{array}{c} X \xrightarrow{\varphi} T_\Sigma \\ \varphi' \downarrow \cong \downarrow \\ T_{\Sigma'} \end{array}} H_{\text{trop}}^{p,q}(\text{Trop}(\varphi(X)))$$

$\varphi' \leftarrow \cong \leftarrow$  toric mor.

## Example

$$\mathbb{P}^1 = X = (x+z+1=0) \subset \mathbb{P}^2$$

$\text{Trop}(\mathbb{P}^2)$



$$X^{\text{Ber}} = \mathbb{P}^n \text{Ber}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x\text{-adic val.} \leftrightarrow l_1 \\ y \leftrightarrow l_2 \\ \infty \leftrightarrow l_3 \end{array}$$

$$H_{\text{trop}}^{i,1}(\text{Trop}(X))$$

$$= \bigoplus_i \text{Span}(l_i)[l_i]$$

$$\mathbb{Q} \text{ Im}(F^2(a_0) \rightarrow \bigoplus_i \text{Span}(l_i)[l_i])$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x \mapsto [l_1] - [l_3] = \text{div } x \\ z \mapsto [l_2] - [l_3] = \text{div } z \end{array}$$

tropical K-groups,  $L/K$ : an ext.

$$K_M^P(L)_{\mathbb{Q}} := \bigwedge^P (L^{\times}) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Q} \quad \text{Milnor } K \text{ group.}$$

$$K_T^P(L/K) := \varinjlim_{\text{Spec } L \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_m^n} \text{FP}(0, \text{Trop}(\mathcal{C}(\text{Spec } L))).$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{C} & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}/K} & \mathbb{G}_m^n \\ \downarrow & \cong & \uparrow \\ \mathcal{C} & & \mathbb{G}_m^r \end{array} \quad \text{torus morphisms}$$

$$\cong \bigwedge^P L^{\times} \otimes \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\text{Ker}(\bigwedge^P \nu_{\mathbb{Q}}: \bigwedge^P L^{\times} \otimes \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \bigwedge^P \mathbb{R}^{r_n})$$

$$\nu \in \text{ZR}(L/K) := \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \nu: L^{\times} \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{r_n} \text{ lexicographic order}) \\ \text{valuations} \\ \text{trivial on } K \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Spec } K[M] \\ \cong \\ \mathbb{G}_m^r \end{array}$$

$\text{ZR}(L/K) \rightarrow \Delta$ : a fan str. of

$$\nu = (\nu_1, \dots, \nu_r) \mapsto P \quad \text{sit. } \sum_{i=1}^r \prod_{j=1}^i \epsilon_j \nu_i \in \text{int}(P)$$

$$\nu_i|_M \in \text{Hom}(M, \mathbb{R})$$

$$\text{for } 0 < \epsilon_j < 1$$

$\text{Trop}(\mathcal{C}(\text{Spec } L))$

$\Rightarrow K_T^P$ : satisfies good properties (Rost's cycle module)

# the Giersten resolution

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{K}_T^p \xrightarrow{\text{sheaf } \pi} \bigoplus_{x \in X^0} \mathcal{K}_T^p(k(x)) \xrightarrow{d \text{ the residue map}} \bigoplus_{x \in X^1} \mathcal{K}_T^{p-1}(k(x)) \xrightarrow{d} \dots$$

$$\dots \rightarrow \bigoplus_{x \in X^i} \mathcal{K}_T^{p-i}(k(x)) \rightarrow \dots \xrightarrow{d} \bigoplus_{x \in X^{p-1}} \mathcal{K}_T^1(k(x)) \xrightarrow{d} \bigoplus_{x \in X^p} \mathcal{K}_T^0(k(x)) \rightarrow 0$$

$k(x) \xrightarrow{\text{div.}} \mathbb{Q}$   
 $\swarrow$   
 $\mathbb{Q}$

$i$ : codim  $i$  points.

$$\leadsto H^p(X_{\text{zar}}, \mathcal{K}_T^p) \simeq (H^p(X))_{\mathbb{Q}}$$

## Main Theorem ②

$X$ : sm. alg. var /  $K$ .

$$\Rightarrow H_{\text{trop}}^{p,q}(X) \simeq H^q(X_{\text{zar}}, \mathcal{K}_T^p)$$

# Proof of Main Theorem (2)

fix  $r$

$$E_1^{p,q} := \bigoplus_{\substack{x \in X^p \\ \text{codim } p}} \varinjlim_{x \in U \subset X} H_{\text{trop}, \overline{\mathbb{F}_x}}^{r, p+q}(U) \Rightarrow H_{\text{trop}}^{r, p+q}(X)$$

( $\mathbb{A}^1$ -homotopy invariance  
 étale excision  
 $\cong$  corestriction map / fin. fields.)

By a theorem on cohomology theories,

( Bloch, Quillen, Bloch-Ogus, Gabber, Rost  
 Colliot-Thélène-Hoobler-Kahn, ... (cycle module)  
 we use  $\uparrow$  formulation. )

We have  $E_2^{p,q} = H^p(X_{\text{zar}}, \mathcal{H}_{\text{trop}}^{r,q})$   
 $\uparrow$  sheaf $^n$

Easy Lemma

(1)  $E_2^{p,q} = 0$  ( $q \neq 0$ )  $\leadsto E_2^{p,0} \cong H_{\text{trop}}^{r,p}(X)$   
 (2)  $\mathcal{H}_{\text{trop}}^{r,0} \cong \mathbb{K}_T^r$   $\leadsto E_2^{p,0} \cong H^p(X_{\text{zar}}, \mathbb{K}_T^r)$

$\leadsto$  Main Theorem 2





# Sketch of proof of $A^1$ -homotopy invariance

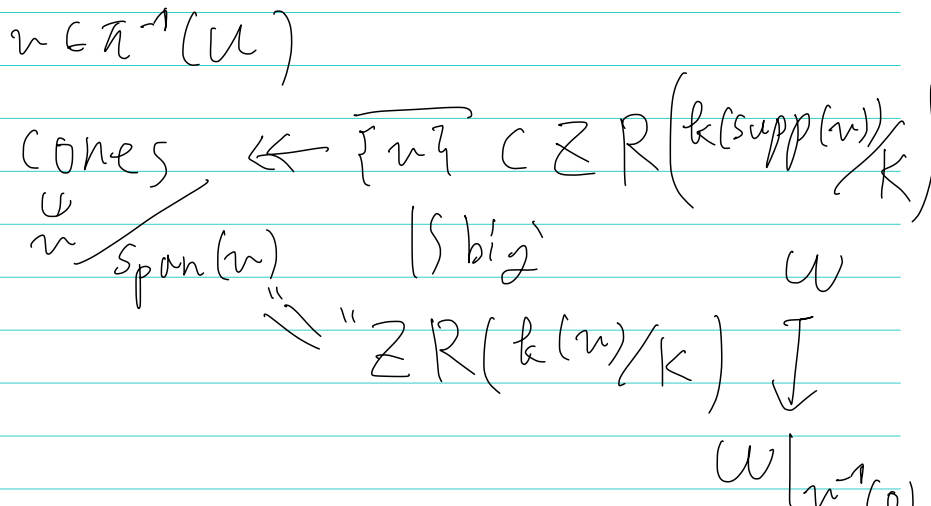
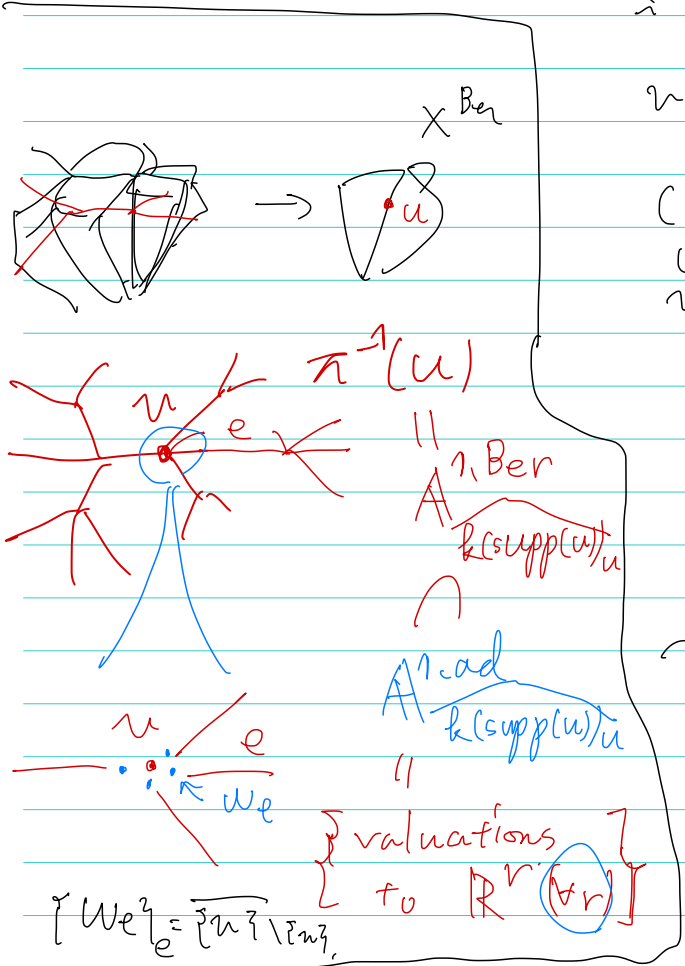
$\pi: X \times A^1 \text{-Ber} \rightarrow X^{\text{Ber}}$  : the projection

$$H_{\text{trop}}^{p,q} = H^q(\text{Ber}, \mathbb{F}^p)$$

It suffices to show

$$R^i \pi_* \mathbb{F}_{(X \times A^1) \text{Ber}}^p = \begin{cases} \mathbb{F}_{X^{\text{Ber}}}^p & i=0 \\ 0 & i \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$u \in X^{\text{Ber}}, \bigoplus_u \cong \bigoplus_i \wedge^{p-i} \text{Span}(u)^\vee \otimes H^q(\pi^{-1}(u), \mathbb{F}_{(X \times A^1) \text{Ber}}^p / \text{Span}(u)^\vee)$



$$\mathbb{F}_{X \times A^1 \text{Ber}}^p / \text{Span}(u)^\vee(u) \cong K_T^p(k(u))$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{F}_{X \times A^1 \text{Ber}}^p / \text{Span}(u)^\vee(e) \\ &= K_T^p(k(w_e)) \oplus \underbrace{\mathbb{Q}\langle a-b \rangle^\vee}_{\text{a.t.g.e}} \otimes K_T^{p-1}(k(w_e)) \end{aligned}$$

$\bar{w}_e$ : a discrete valuation on  $k(u)$ ,

$$(\partial_{\bar{w}_e} \circ (\pi_{\bar{w}_e}^-)^{-1}) \cdot \partial_{\bar{w}_e} : K_T^p(k(u)) \rightarrow K_T^p(k(w_e)) \oplus K_T^{p-1}(k(w_e))$$

$$\pi_{\bar{w}_e}^+ a_1 \wedge \dots \wedge a_{p-1} \mapsto (\bar{b}_1 \wedge \dots \wedge \bar{b}_p, \bar{a}_1 \wedge \dots \wedge \bar{a}_{p-1})$$

$$b_1 \wedge \dots \wedge b_p$$

( $\bar{w}_e(a_i) = \bar{w}_e(b_j) = 0$ )

Fact

- $k(u) = k'(\alpha_{\bar{\pi}})$   
 indeterminate  $k'/k(u)$   
 : fin. ext.
- $\overline{\{u\}} \subset \mathbb{A}^n_{k'} \xrightarrow{\text{rad}} \mathbb{A}^n_{k'} \xrightarrow{\text{Zar}} \text{ZR}(k(u)/k(u)) = \mathbb{P}^n_{k'}$
- $0 \rightarrow K_T^p(k') \rightarrow K_T^p(k'(\alpha)) \xrightarrow{(2x)} \bigoplus_{x \in \mathbb{A}^n_{k'} \text{ closed}} K_T^{p-1}(k(x)) \rightarrow 0$   
 (exact)

$\Rightarrow$  We can compute  $\bigoplus_e (\partial_{\bar{w}_e} \circ (\pi_{\bar{w}_e}^-)^{-1}) \cdot \partial_{\bar{w}_e}$  explicitly!

$\leadsto$   $\mathbb{A}^n$ -homology invariance !! □