

On the equivariant Tamagawa number conjecture
for Hecke characters

§1. Introduction

K : number field

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\mathcal{O}_K : integer ring

(1) $M = h^0(\text{Spec } K)$

$$\rightsquigarrow L(M, s) = \zeta_K(s) = \sum_{\substack{\mathfrak{a} \subset \mathcal{O}_K \\ \mathfrak{a} \neq \mathfrak{o}}} \frac{1}{N\mathfrak{a}^s} = \prod_{\mathfrak{p}} \frac{1}{1 - N\mathfrak{p}^{-s}}$$

↑
Dedekind zeta

Class number formula

(i) $\text{ord}_{s=0} \zeta_K(s) = r_1 + r_2 - 1 = \text{rank}_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{O}_K^{\times} = \text{rank}_{\mathbb{Z}} K_1(\mathcal{O}_K)$

(ii) $L^*(M) := \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{\zeta_K(s)}{s^{r_1+r_2-1}} = - \frac{R_K \cdot h_K}{w_K}$

where $r_1 = \#$ of real places

$r_2 = \#$ of complex places

$w_K = \# \mathcal{O}_K^{\times, \text{tors}}$

$h_K = \# \text{cl}(K)$

$R_K = \text{regulator of } K$

$$\tau_j: K \hookrightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

↓

$$R_K = \left| \det(\delta_i \cdot \log |u_i^{\tau_j}|) \right|$$

$1 \leq i, j \leq r_1 + r_2 - 1$
free basis of \mathcal{O}_K^{\times}

$$\delta_i := \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \tau_i: \text{real} \\ 2 & \text{if } \tau_i: \text{complex} \end{cases}$$

(2) $M = h^0(\text{Spec } K)(i) \quad (i < 0)$

$\rightsquigarrow L(M, s) = \zeta_K(s+i)$

(i) $\text{ord}_{s=0} L(M, s) = \text{ord}_{s=i} \zeta_K(s) = \begin{cases} r_1 + r_2 & \text{if } i \equiv 0 \pmod{2} \quad (i \leq -2) \\ r_2 & \text{if } i \equiv 1 \pmod{2} \end{cases}$

$= \text{rank}_{\mathbb{Z}} K_{1-2i}(\mathcal{O}_K)$

(iii) Borel defined the higher regulator map \mathbb{Q} -dual \rightarrow

$$\rho_\infty : K_{1-2i}(\mathcal{O}_K) \otimes \mathbb{R} \xrightarrow{\cong} \left(H_B^0(\text{Spec } \mathcal{O}_K \otimes \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{Q}(-i))^+ \right)^* \otimes \mathbb{R}$$

↑ \mathbb{Z} -basis of these groups

This is the generalization of

$$\text{Reg} : K_1(\mathcal{O}_K) \otimes \mathbb{R} = \mathcal{O}_K^\times \otimes \mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{r_1+r_2-1} \parallel \left(H_B^0(\text{Spec } \mathcal{O}_K \otimes \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{Q})^+ \right) \otimes \mathbb{R}$$

$$u_i \longmapsto \int_i \cdot \log |u_i^T|$$

$$R_K^{(i)} := \det \rho_\infty$$

$$\rightarrow L^*(M) := \lim_{s \rightarrow i} \frac{\zeta_K(s)}{(s-i)^{r_0}} \equiv R_K^{(i)} \pmod{\mathbb{Q}^\times}$$

Thm (Huber-Kings)

K/\mathbb{Q} : abel. $i \leq -1$, then

$$L^*(M) \stackrel{\cdot}{=} R_K^{(i)} \cdot \prod_p \frac{\# H^2(\mathcal{O}_K[\frac{1}{p}], \mathbb{Z}_p(i+1))}{\# H^1(\mathcal{O}_K[\frac{1}{p}], \mathbb{Z}_p(i+1))_{\text{tors}}}$$

↑
up to 2-part

§2 Equivariant TNC

K : imag. quad field with class number one

E_K : elliptic curve with CM by \mathcal{O}_K ($\text{End}_K(E) \cong \mathcal{O}_K$)

ψ : grössencharacter ass. to E

$$\psi : \mathbb{A}_K^\times \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times$$

$K(m)$: ray class field of K modulo m . $m \subset \mathcal{O}_K$

$G_m := \text{Gal}(K(m)/K)$, $\chi : G_m \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times$

Fix $a, b \geq 0$, $w = a+b \geq 1$, $\varphi = \psi^a \cdot \bar{\psi}^b$

$$\varphi_\chi := \chi \cdot \varphi : \mathbb{A}_k^x \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^x$$

$$M_\varphi := e_\varphi \left(\bigotimes_{i=1}^w h^1(E) \right) : \text{motive ass to } \varphi$$

↑
projector ass. to φ

$$M = M_\varphi \otimes_K h^0(\text{Spec } K(m)) \hookrightarrow A := K[G_m] \subset \text{End}(M)$$

U
 $\mathcal{O} := \mathcal{O}_K[G_m]$

$$L(A, M, s) := \left(L(\varphi_\chi, s) \right)_{\chi \in \widehat{G}_m} : A\text{-equivariant L-function}$$

↑
 $\mathbb{C}[G_m]$ -valued funct.

Fix $r \in \mathbb{Z}$ s.t.
$$\begin{cases} -r \leq \min(a, b) & \text{if } a \neq b \\ -r \leq a = b & \text{if } a = b \end{cases}$$

non-critical case

$$\rightarrow \text{ord}_{s=-r} L(\varphi_\chi, s) = 1 \quad (\text{by funct. eq.})$$

We want to describe $L^*(A, M)$ by certain "arithmetic objects".

$$H_f^1(M) = H_{\mathcal{M}}^{w+1}(M, \mathcal{O}(w+r+1))$$

$$= e_\varphi \cdot K_{w+2r+1} \left(\bigotimes_{i=1}^w \mathcal{A} \right)^{(w+r+1)}$$

finite part of
motivic cohomology

$$\text{Res}_{K(m)/K} E \times_{K} \text{Spec } K(m)$$

$$H_f^1(M)^{\text{constr}} : \text{constructible subspace (Deninger)}$$

conj " = "

$$H_B(M) = H_B^w(M \otimes_K \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{Q}(w+r))$$

$$M_\ell = H_{\text{ét}}^w(M \otimes_K \bar{K}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell(w+r+1))$$

$$T_\ell = H_{\text{ét}}^w(M \otimes_K \bar{K}, \mathbb{Z}_\ell(w+r+1)) : \text{Gal}(\bar{K}/K)\text{-stable lattice}$$

Beilinson regulator map :

$$\rho_\infty : H_f^1(M)^{\text{const}} \otimes \mathbb{R} \longrightarrow H_D^{w+1}(M \otimes_K \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{R}(w+r+1)) \\ = M_B \otimes \mathbb{R}$$

Soulé's ℓ -adic regulator map :

$$\rho_\ell : H_f^1(M)^{\text{const}} \otimes \mathbb{Q}_\ell \longrightarrow H^1(\mathbb{Q}_K[\frac{1}{m\ell}], M_\ell)$$

→ The fundamental line

$$\underline{\square}^1(A_M) := \text{Det}_A(H_f^1(M)^{\text{const}})^* \otimes_A \text{Det}_A^{-1}(M_B)^* \\ \cap$$

A-dual

$\text{Inv}(A)$: the category of graded invertible A -modules

ρ_∞ induces

$$A \theta_\infty : A \otimes \mathbb{R} \xrightarrow{\cong} \underline{\square}^1(A_M) \otimes \mathbb{R}$$

Thm (Deninger) $A \theta_\infty(\underline{L}^*(A_M)^{-1}) \in \underline{\square}^1(A_M) \otimes 1$

$$\parallel \\ (L'(A_M, -r))$$

$$A_\ell = A \otimes \mathbb{Q}_\ell$$

U

$$\mathcal{O}_\ell := \mathcal{O} \otimes \mathbb{Z}_\ell$$

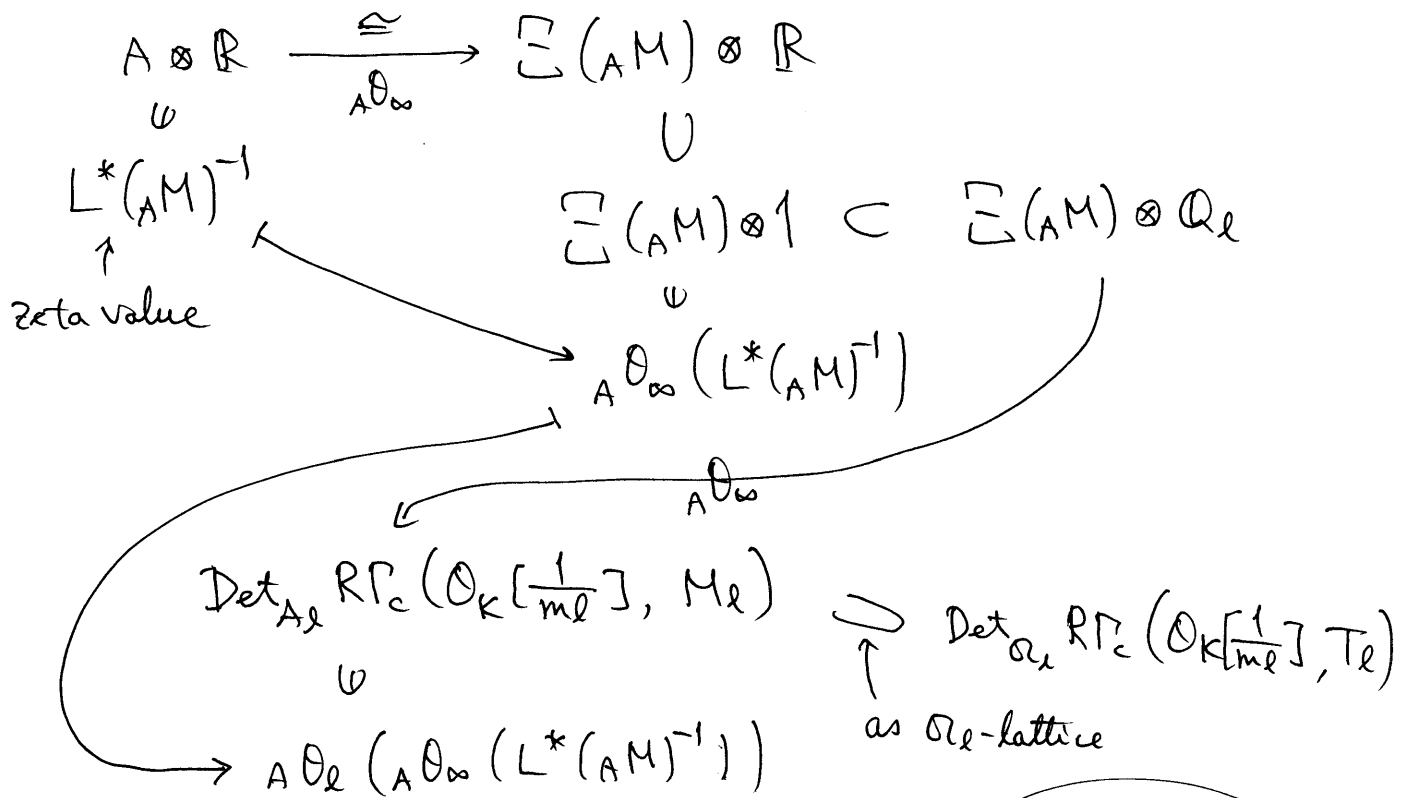
Conj (Weak Leopoldt conj)

$$H^2(\mathcal{O}_K[\frac{1}{m\ell}], M_\ell) = 0$$

Assuming WLC for M_ℓ , ρ_ℓ induces

$$A_{\mathcal{O}_\ell} : \Sigma(A_M) \otimes \mathcal{O}_\ell \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{Det}_{A_\ell} R\Gamma_c(\mathcal{O}_K[\frac{1}{m\ell}], M_\ell)$$

↑
invertible A_ℓ -module



Conj (ETNC)

For ℓ : prime, we have

$$L'(\chi_x, -r)$$

$-r \leq 0$

$$\mathcal{O}_\ell \cdot \underbrace{A_{\mathcal{O}_\ell}}_{\text{Kings}} \left(\underbrace{A_{\mathcal{O}_\infty}}_{\text{Deninger}} (L^*(A_M)^{-1}) \right) = \underbrace{\text{Det}_{\mathcal{O}_\ell} R\Gamma_c(\mathcal{O}_K[\frac{1}{m\ell}], T_\ell)}_{\text{Iwasawa Main Conj for imag quad fields}}$$

Thm

Assume $\ell \neq 2$, WLC for M_ℓ , then Conj holds. Rubin

Rem

- (1) The case of $m=1$, this is proved by Kings and Bars.
- (2) For almost all r , the WLC hold using Rubin's result.
- (3) For critical case, Tsuyi proved TNC for Hecke char.
(Fach dealt with ETNC for $w=1$)

§3 Another results for TNC

$$f = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n(f) \cdot q^n \in S_k(\Gamma_1(N)) \quad \begin{pmatrix} k \geq 2 \\ N \geq 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

↑
newform

$T_{f,\ell}$: ℓ -adic Gal. rep. ass to f

$\pi = \pi_f$: autom rep. ass to f

Thm (Gealy)

$r > 0$ ℓ : odd prime

Assume (1) local rep at 2 is not supercuspidal

(2) $H^2(\mathbb{Z}[1/N\ell], T_{f,\ell}(-r)) \otimes \mathbb{Q}_\ell = 0$

(3) If $k=2$ or 4 , $L(f, k/2) \neq 0$

(4) Iwasawa Main Conj for f^*

$\Rightarrow \ell$ -part of TNC holds for $M_f(-r)$

Thm (Diamond, Flach, Guo)

$\ell \nmid Nk!$, F/\mathbb{Q} : quad ext. s.t. $F \subset \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{\ell})$

Assume $\overline{\rho}_{f,\ell}|_{G_F} : G_F \rightarrow GL_2(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell)$: absolutely irreducible

Then, ℓ -part of TNC for $M = \text{Ad}^\circ M_f, \text{Ad}^\circ M_f(1)$

(use Taylor-Wiles methods)